

# Year Planner 200-10

**Subject: Political Science**

**Class – XI**

Week	Date	Days	Content
I	July– 2009 01-4	4	<u>Part A INDIAN CONSTITUTION AT WORK</u> Chapter 1 – Constitution, Why and How ? Why do we need a constitution? What are the functions of a constitution ? Who made our constitution ?
II	6-10	5	Chapter 2 – Fundamental Rights (Rights in the Indian Constitutions) Why do we need bill of rights in constitution ? What are the fundamental rights provided by the constitution. How have the interpretations by the courts influenced Fundamental rights ?
III	13-18	6	Chapter – 2 – How has provision of Fundamental rights provided the basis for civil liberties movement in India ? What are Fundamental duties ? Directive Principles of State Policy. Relationship between Fundamental rights and Directive Principles.
IV	20-25	6	Chapter -3 – Election and Representation and democracy. What are the different methods of representation. How do these methods affect parties and policy ? Why was the first past the post system chosen in India. Effects of the system.
V	27-30 July 1 <sup>st</sup> August -2009	5	Chapter -3 – Why is there a system of reserved seats ? What are the provisions to ensure free and fair election? Importance and functions of the election.

I	August – 2009 3-7	5	<p>Chapter -4 – Executive</p> <p>Why was the parliamentary system chosen over other forms of government ?</p> <p>Why does the parliamentary system need a constitutional head ? How are the Prime Minister and Chief Ministers elected ?</p> <p>What are the powers of the Prime Minister, Chief Minister and the council of ministers and Governor (cartoon). Powers of Governor Power of President of India.</p>
II	10-13	4	<p>Chapter -5- Legislature</p> <p>Why do we need a parliament ?</p> <p>Why does the parliament of India have two houses ? How are the Parliament and the State assemblies constituted?</p>
III	17-22	6	<p>How does the Parliament make laws ? Powers of the Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha ? How the executive is made accountable ? What are the constitutional means to prevent Defection.</p>
IV	24-29	6	<p>Chapter 6- Judiciary</p> <p>What is rule of law ?</p> <p>What do we need an independent Judiciary ?</p> <p>Provisions that ensure the independence of Judiciary in India (Cartoons). How are Judges appointed ? Power of the Supreme and High Court. How do they use jurisdiction for public interest. Judiciary and Parliament.</p>
I	September 1-3 5	4	<p>Chapter -7- Federalism</p> <p>What is Federalism ? Map work (Indian map before independence and after . formation of new states). Federalism in the Indian Constitution. How does Federalism ensure accommodation of diversities ?</p>

	September 4		1 <sup>st</sup> CCEP Examination
II	7-9	3	Chapter -7 - Division of Powers. In what ways is the Indian constitution Federal ? In what ways does the constitution strengthen the centre conflicts in India's Federal system. Centre State Relations. Why are there special provision for some states and areas.
III	10-18.09.09		1 <sup>st</sup> Terminal Examinations
IV	19-28.09.09		Autumn Break
	29 September -2009		Distribution of Answer Sheets & Discussion
I	October 2009 1-3	2	Chapter 8- Local Self Government Why do we need decentralization of Power ?
II	5-9	5	Chapter 8- State of Local Govt. in the constitution. What are the basic features of rural and urban local Govt. What has been the effect of giving constitutional state to local Govt Implementations of 73 <sup>rd</sup> and 74 <sup>th</sup> amendments
III	12-16	5	Chapter -9 – Constitution as a living document Are constitutions static? How has the constitution changed since its inception ? What further changes are being debated ? Why so many amendments?
IV	19-24	6	Chapter -9 – Constitutions as a living document How has the working of democracy affected the constitution?
V	26-30	5	Chapter 10- The philosophy of the constitution. What is meant by philosophy of the constitution. What are the provisions of the constitution ? What is the vision underlying these core provisions ? How is this vision shaped by Modern Indian Political thought ?

PART B – POLITICAL THEORY			
1	November 2009 2-7	6	Chapter 11- Introduction to political theory. What is politics ? Why do we study political theory. Do we see politics in seemingly non-political domains ? Can Political arguments be resolved through reasoning ? Why do we need political theory?
II	9-13	5	Chapter -12 – Freedom What is Freedom ? What are the reasonable constraints on individual liberty ? Why do we need constraints ? How are the limits defined ?
III	16-21	6	Chapter 13 – Equality What is Equality ? Why does Equality matter ? Do all differences involve inequality ? Does equality imply sameness ? What are the major forms of inequality ? How can equality be realized ?
IV	23-27	5	Chapter 14 – Social Justice What is Justice ? What is the difference between justice and equality? What are different forms of Injustice? John Rawl’s theory of Justice. In what ways can justice be secured ?
I	December 2009 1-5	5	Chapter -15 Rights How is a Right different from any Claim ? What are the major kinds of right claims ? How do we resolve a conflict between individual and community rights ? How does the state enable and obstruct Rights ?
II	7-10	4	Cartoons, Maps and Unseen Passages.

III	11.12.2009 14.12.2009 15-22.12.2009		IIInd CCEP Examination Revision IIInd Terminal Examination
IV	23		Distribution and Discussion of Answer Sheets
	26-31		Winter Break
I	January 2010 1-2 4-8	7	Chapter 16 – Citizenship Who is Citizen ? What are the relevant grounds for inclusion and execution ? How are new claims to citizenship negotiated ? Universal and Global Citizenship ?
II	11-16	6	Chapter 17 Nationalism How are the boundaries of a nation defined ? What demands can a nation make on its citizens ? What is the basic of the rights to self - determination?
III	18-23	6	Chapter 18 – Secularism What is secularism. Which domains of life does it relate to ? What is a secular state ? Why do we need secular state in modern times. Is Secularism suitable for India ? Vote Bank Politics.
IV	25-29	4	Chapter 19 – Peace What is Peace. Does peace always required non - violence ? Under what is war justified ? Can armament promote global peace con temporary challenge.
I	February 2010 1-6	6	Chapter 20 – Development What is Development ? Is there a universally accepted model of Development ? How to balance the claims of present generation with claims of future generation.

II	8-12	5	Revision of First Book
III	15-20	6	Revision of Second Book
IV	22-26	5	Maps, Cartoons, Unseen Passages
	March 2010		<p>Annual Examinations 2010</p> <p>(1) Mrs. Nirmal Shali, PGT (Political Science) SPM, Sarvodaya Vidyalaya, C.R.Park, New Delhi -19</p> <p>(2) Mrs. Neelam Hasteet, (Political Science) G.G. SR. Sec. School, Andrews Ganj, New Delhi</p>