

GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL CAPITAL TERRITORY OF DELHI
DIRECTORATE OF EDUCATION
(PRIVATE SCHOOL BRANCH)
OLD SECRETARIAT, DELHI-110054

No. F.DE.15 (1050)/PSB/2022/9624-9628

Dated: 28/11/22

Order

WHEREAS, Kulachi Hansraj Model School (School ID - 1411222), Ashok Vihar, Phase - III, Delhi - 110052 (hereinafter referred to as "the School"), run by the DAV College Managing Committee (hereinafter referred to as "Society"), is a private unaided school recognized by the Directorate of Education, Govt. of NCT of Delhi (hereinafter referred to as "DoE"), under the provisions of Delhi School Education Act & Rules, 1973 (hereinafter referred to as "DSEAR, 1973"). The school is statutorily bound to comply with the provisions of the DSEAR, 1973 and RTE Act, 2009, as well as the directions/guidelines issued by the DoE from time to time.

WHEREAS every school is required to file a full statement of fees every year before the ensuing academic session under section 17(3) of the Delhi School Education Act, 1973 (hereinafter read as '*the Act*') with the Director. Such statement will indicate estimated income of the school derived from fees, estimated current operational expenses towards salaries and allowances payable to employees etc in terms of Rule 177(1) of the Delhi School Education Rules, 1973 (hereinafter read as '*the Rules*').

AND WHEREAS, as per section 18(5) of the Act read with section 17(3), 24 (1) of the Act and Rule 180 (3) of the DSEA & R, 1973, responsibility has been conferred upon the Director (Education) to examine the audited financial, account and other records maintained by the school at least once in each financial year. The Section 18(5) and Section 24(1) of the Act and Rule 180 (3) have been reproduced as under:

Section 18(5): '*the managing committee of every recognised private school shall file every year with the Director such duly audited financial and other returns as may be prescribed, and every such return shall be audited by such authority as may be prescribed*'

Section 24(1): '*every recognised school shall be inspected at least once in each financial year in such manner as may be prescribed*'

Rule 180 (3): '*the account and other records maintained by an unaided private school shall be subject to examination by the auditors and inspecting officers authorised by the Director in this behalf and also by officers authorised by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.*'

Thus, the Director (Education) has the authority to examine the full statement of fees filled under section 17(3) of the DSEA, 1973 and returns and documents submitted under section 18(5) of DSEA, 1973 read with rule 180 (1) of DSER, 1973

AND WHEREAS, besides the above, the Director (Education) is also required to examine and evaluate the fee hike proposal submitted by the private unaided recognized schools which have been allotted land by the DDA/ other land-owning agencies with the condition in their allotment to seek prior approval from Director (Education) before any increase in fee.



AND WHEREAS, besides the above, the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the judgment dated 27.04.2004 passed in Civil Appeal No. 2699 of 2001 titled Modern School Vs. Union of India and others has conclusively decided that under section 17(3), 18(4) read along with rule 172, 173, 175 and 177 of the Rules, Directorate of Education has the authority to regulate the fee and other charges to prevent the profiteering and commercialization of education.

AND WHEREAS, it was also directed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court to the Director of Education in the aforesaid matter titled Modern School Vs. Union of India and others in Para 27 and 28 in case of Private unaided Schools situated on the land allotted by DDA at concessional rates that:

"27 (c) It shall be the duty of the Director of Education to ascertain whether terms of allotment of land by the Government to the schools have been complied with..."

28. We are directing the Director of Education to look into the letters of allotment issued by the Government and ascertain whether they (terms and conditions of land allotment) have been complied with by the schools.....

.....If in a given case, Director finds non-compliance of above terms, the Director shall take appropriate steps in this regard."

AND WHEREAS, the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi vide its judgement dated 19.01.2016 in writ petition No. 4109/2013 in the matter of Justice for All versus Govt. of NCT of Delhi and others has reiterated the aforesaid directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and has directed the Director of Education to ensure the compliance of term, if any, in the letter of allotment regarding the increase of the fee by all the recognized unaided schools which are allotted land by DDA/ land owing agencies.

AND WHEREAS, accordingly, the DoE vide Order No. F.DE-15(40)/PSB/2019/4440-4412 dated 08.06.2022, directed all the private unaided recognized schools, running on the land allotted by DDA/other land-owning agencies at concessional rates or otherwise, with the condition to seek prior approval of DoE for increase in fee, to submit their proposals, if any, for prior sanction, for increase in fee for the academic session 2022-23

AND WHEREAS, in pursuance to Order dated 08.06.2022 of the DoE, the School submitted its proposal for enhancement of fee for the academic session 2022-23. Accordingly, this Order dispenses the proposal for enhancement of fee submitted by school for the academic session 2022-23.

AND WHEREAS, in order to ensure that the proposals submitted by the schools for fee increase are justified or not, this Directorate has deployed teams of Chartered Accountants at HQ level who has evaluated the fee increase proposals of the school very carefully in accordance with the provisions of the DSEA, 1973, the DSER, 1973 and other orders/ circulars issued from time to time by DoE.

AND WHEREAS, in the process of examination of the fee hike proposal filed by the aforesaid school, necessary records and explanations were also called from the school through email dated 16.08.2022. The school was also provided an opportunity to be heard on 23.08.2022 to present its justifications/clarifications on the fee increase proposal. Based on the discussion with the school during a personal hearing, the school was further asked to submit the necessary documents and clarification on



various issues noted. In the aforesaid personal hearing, compliance of Order No. 15/ (661)/PSB/2022/4040-4044 dated 03.06.2022 issued for FY 2019-20 were also discussed with the school and the school's submissions were taken on record

AND WHEREAS, on receipt of clarification as well as documents uploaded on the web portal for the fee hike post personal hearing, the fee hike proposal was evaluated by the team of Chartered Accountants and the key suggestions noted for improvement by the school are hereunder:

A. Financial Suggestion for Improvements

1. *Section 18(5) of the DSEA, 1973 states "the managing committee of every recognized private school shall file every year with the Director such duly audited financial and other returns as may be prescribed, and every such returns shall be audited by such authority as may be prescribed".*

Further, Rule 180 (1) of DSER, 1973 states "every recognized private school shall submit returns and documents in accordance with Appendix-II".

Point No. (2) of the Appendix-II requires final accounts i.e., receipts and payments account, income and expenditure account and balance sheet of the preceding year should be duly audited by the Chartered Accountant.

Accordingly, the DoE vide Order No. F.DE-15/ACT-I/WPC-4109/Part/13/7905-7913 dated 16.04.2016, specified the format of returns and documents submitted to be submitted by the private unaided recognized schools. As per this order the format of the financial statements shall be such as specified by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI), established under Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 (38 of 1949) in Guidance Note-21 'Accounting by Schools (2005)' as amended from time to time by ICAI.

Based on the abovementioned provisions, every private unaided recognized school is required to get its accounts audited by the Chartered Accountant before submission of return under Rule 180(1) of DSER, 1973. The documents submitted by the school were taken on record. Review of the audited financial statements and Independent Auditors Report for FY 2021-22 the following was noted:

- a. The audit report has been issued in Form 10B under the Income Tax Act, 1961 which is not in conformity of the above-mentioned provisions.
- b. In the audit report the auditor has mentioned 'profit and loss account' whereas the school is required to prepare 'income and expenditure account'.
- c. In the audit report the auditor has not given reference to "Receipt & Payment Account." Although, the same has been signed by the auditors.

In view of the above, the school is hereby directed to get its accounts audited in accordance with above mentioned provisions and resolve all queries raised by the statutory auditor before completion of the audit. The compliance with this direction will be examined while evaluating the fee hike proposal of the subsequent year. However, for the purposes of evaluation of fee hike proposal for the academic session 2022-23, the balance sheet and income and expenditure submitted by the school for FY 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-22 has been considered.



2. Clause No. 2 of Public Notice dated 04.05.1997 states *"It is the responsibility of the society who has established the school to raise such funds from their own sources or donations from the other associations because the immovable property of the school becomes the sole property of the society"*. Additionally, Hon'ble High Court of Delhi in its judgement dated 30.10.1998 titled Delhi Abibhavak Mahasangh concluded states *"the tuition fee cannot be fixed to recover capital expenditure to be incurred on the properties of the society."* Also, Clause (vii) (c) of Order No. F.DE/15/Act/2K/243/KKK/ 883-1982 dated 10.02.2005 issued by this Directorate states *"Capital expenditure cannot constitute a component of the financial fee structure."*

As per Clause 14 of Order No. F.DE. /15(56)/Act/2009/778 dated 11.02.2009 and Clause 7 of Order No. DE 15/Act/Duggal.com/203/99/23033-23980 dated 15.12.1999 stated *"Development fee, not exceeding 15% of the total annual tuition fee may be charged for supplementing the resources for purchase, up gradation and replacement of furniture, fixtures and equipment. Development fee, if required to be charged, shall be treated as capital receipt and shall be collected only if the school is maintaining a Depreciation Reserve Fund, equivalent to the depreciation charged in the revenue accounts and the collection under this head along with income generated from the investment made out of this fund, will be kept in a separately maintained Development Fund Account."*

Based on the aforementioned-provisions, cost relating to land and construction of school building should be met by the society, being the property of the society and the school funds i.e., the fee collected from the students should not be used for such purpose.

The DoE in the Order No.DE15(648)/PSB/2018/30703-707 dated 19.12.2018 issued to the school, post evaluation of fee hike proposal for academic session 2017-18, noted that the school had incurred capital expenditure on construction of building amounting to INR 2,40,19,904. The aforesaid expenditure was incurred without complying with the provision of the Rule 177 of DSER, 1973 and clause 14 of the order dated 11.02.2009.

While evaluating the fee increase proposal of FY 2019-20, the school was directed to recover the aforesaid amount. However, the same is still pending to be recovered. During the personal hearing the school has explained that such expenses were incurred for repairs of the buildings and as per the instructions of the statutory auditors the same was capitalized. Therefore, the amount incurred on repairs are to be met out of the income of the school and cannot be passed on to the society. The representation of the school cannot be accepted on the grounds that the same was not incurred in accordance with Rule 177 of DSER, 1973. Given the fact no adjustments have been done in the financial statements for 2021-22. Accordingly, the school was directed to recover INR 2,40,19,904 from society which is still pending for recovery.

Therefore, the amount of INR 2,40,19,904 which is still pending for recovery has been considered as funds available with the school with the direction to the school to recover this amount from society within 30 days from the date of issue of this order.

3. Clause 8 of Order No. DE 15/ Act/ Duggal.Com /203 /99 /23033-23980 dated 15.12.1999 states *"no amount whatsoever shall be transferred from the recognised unaided school fund of a school to the society or the trust or any other institution."*

The audited financial statements of the school for FY 2021-22 reflected a receivable balance from Intra Institutional Balances of INR 3,27,56,110.

Further, based on the personal hearing, it was identified that the school has given a number of advances/loans to other schools under the management of the same school, which were not in relation to any expense/service or liability of the school. Based on the audited financial statements of FY 2021-22, it was noted that total amount of INR 3,27,56,110 is recoverable from related parties/school. The same is considered as available cash while evaluating fees hike proposal for academic session 2022-23. Party-wise details are tabulated below:

Particulars	Amount recoverable as per AFS as on 31.03.22
Hansvatika Day Boarding School	2,34,50,620
Kulachi Hansraj Manovikas Kendra	3,00,92,988
Total	3,27,56,110

4. Para 7.14 of AS-15 "*Employee Benefit*" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) states 'Plan Assets as:
- assets held by a long-term employee benefit fund; and
 - qualifying insurance policies."

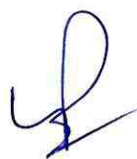
Further, the para 57 of the AS-15 states "*an enterprise should determine the present value of defined benefit obligations and the fair value any plan assets with sufficient regularity that the amounts recognized in the financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the balance sheet date.*"

Review of the audited financial statements of FY 2021-22 revealed that the school has recorded liability for retirement benefits INR 24,77,25,118, in accordance with the actuarial report obtained by it.

Further, school has invested INR 6,88,22,766 with LIC and submitted the investment proof. As the investment with LIC qualifies as plan assets within the meaning of AS-15. Therefore, amount invested by the school has been considered while deriving the fund position of the school with the direction to the school to deposit the remaining amount in plan assets.

5. The submissions of the school regarding payment of administrative charges @ 4% of basic pay (as per 6th CPC) of staff were taken on record and included in Directorate's order no. F.DE-15/ACT-I/WPC-4109/PART/13/ 958 dated 13.10.2017. Further, while evaluating the fees hike proposal for academic session 2017-18, the school was directed for not incurring administrative charges beyond 2% of the basic salary.

However, while evaluating the fee hike proposal for academic session 2019-20, it was noted that the school had paid administrative charges to DAV CMC @ 18% on basic pay for FY 2017-18 & 7% of basic pay for 2018-19 respectively. Accordingly, the school was directed to recover the excess administrative charges paid to DAV CMC amounting INR 2,25,91,857 and which is still pending for recovery.



The review of the audited financial statements, it has been noted that the school has recognized "service charges @ 5% of basic pay" payable to DAV CMC.

The aforesaid 5% is in excess of @ 2% administrative charges allowed to school as per the previous order. Thus, the school has not followed the direction mentioned in Order No. F.DE-15/ACT-I/WPC-4109/PART/13/ 959 dated 13.10.2017. The school further explained that from FY 2019-20, it has only provided the above expenditure in the books of accounts and has not made any payment in this regard. Therefore, the excess liability provided by the school towards service charges payable to DAV CMC i.e., (5% of basic pay) need to be reversed.

Further, excessive administrative charges already paid by the school to DAV CMC as per the previous order of FY 2019-20 amounting to INR 2,25,91,857 which is still recoverable from society has been included while deriving the fund position of the school with the direction to the school to recover this amount from society within 30 days from the date of issue of this order.

Non-compliance with the above direction would be reviewed seriously, and appropriate action against the school under Section 24(4) of the DSEA, 1973 will be taken without giving any further opportunity.

B. Other Suggestion for Improvements

1. Further, the department in pursuance of the order dated 31.05.2021 in WPC 7526/2020 of Single Bench of the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and interim order dated 07.06.2021 in LPA 184/2021 of the Division Bench of Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and to prevent the profiteering and commercialization, directed to the management of all the petitioners private unaided recognized schools through its order No. F. No.DE.15(114)/PSB/2021/2165-2174 dated 01.07.2021:

- i. "to collect annual school fee (only all permitted heads of fees) from their students as fixed under the DSEAR, 1973 for the academic year 2020-21, but by providing deduction of 15% on that amount in lieu of unutilized facilities by the students during the relevant period of academic year 2020-21". And if the school has collected the fee in excess to the direction issued by the Hon'ble Court, the same shall be refunded to the parents or adjusted in the subsequent month of fee or refund to the parents.
- ii. The amount so payable by the concerned students be paid in six equal monthly instalments w.e.f. 10.06.2021.
- iii. The above arrangement will also be applicable with respect to collection of fees for academic session 2021-22.

During the personal hearing, the school explained that it has collected 100% of tuition fees from the students. Thus, the school has not complied with the direction issued vide order No. F. No.DE.15(114)/PSB/2021/2165-2174 dated 01.07.2021.

Accordingly, the school is directed to adjust/refund the same against future dues from the students and submit the compliance report within 30 days from the date of issue of this order.



2. Section 13 (1) of the Right to Education Act, 2009 states that *"no school or person shall, while admitting a child, collect any capitation fee and subject the child or his or her parents or guardian to any screening procedure"*.

Section 13 (2) of the Right to Education Act, 2009 states that *"Any school or person, if in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1):*

- a. *receives capitation fee, shall be punishable with fine which may be extended to ten times the capitation fee charged.*
- b. *subjects a child to screening procedures shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to twenty-five thousand rupees for the first contravention and fifty thousand rupees for each subsequent contravention.*

And section 2(b) of the Right to Education Act, 2009 states *"capitation fee" means any kind of donation or contribution or payment other than the fee notified by the school.*

Further, the Supreme Court in its Judgement dated 02.05.2016 in the matter of Modern 'Dental College and Research Centre Vs. State of Madhya Pradesh [Medical Council of India]' held that education is a noble profession and emphasized that:

"Every demand of capitation fee by educational institutions is unethical & illegal. It emphasized that commercialization and exploitation are not permissible in the education sector and institutions must run on a 'no-profit-no-loss' basis".

The Hon'ble Supreme Court categorically held that *"though education is now treated as an 'occupation' and, thus, has become a fundamental right guaranteed under Article 19(1) (g) of the Constitution, at the same time shackles are put in so far as this particular occupation is concerned, which is termed as noble. Therefore, profiteering and commercialization are not permitted, and no capitation fee can be charged. The admission of students has to be on merit and not at the whims and fancies of the educational institutions,"*

Further, the Hon'ble High Court in LPA 196/2004 in the matter of 'Rakesh Goyal Vs. Montfort School and Section 13(1) of RTE Act, 2009' states *"no school or person shall, while admitting a child, collect any Capitation fee/Donation from the parents. Any school or person who contravenes this provision and receives a capitation fee, shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to ten times the capitation fee charged"*.

Further, The Directorate of Education, vide Order No. DE15/ Act/Duggal.com/203/99/23033-23980 dated 15.12.1999 and Order No.F.DE, /15(56)/Act/2009/778 dated 11.02.2009, indicated the following types of fee that a recognised private unaided school can collect from the students/ parents:

- a. Registration Fee
- b. Admission Fee:
- c. Caution Money
- d. Tuition Fee
- e. Annual Charges
- f. Earmarked Levies



g. Development Fee

Based on the provisions mentioned above, charging of 'IT Fees, Pupil Fund,' from the students is in the nature of capitation fee only. Additionally, if the school is charging unwarranted fee under different heads or introduce new head of fee other than the prescribed heads of fee and accumulates surplus fund out of it, it is also prima-facie considered to be a collection of capitation fee in other manner and form.

Accordingly, the collection of IT Fees, Pupil Fund indicates that the school is engaged in profiteering and commercialization of education.

As per Section 27 of the DSEA, 1973, the manager of the school is responsible to look after the operation of the school smoothly and to ensure compliance with the provision of the DSEAR, 1973 including the compliance of the High Court/Supreme Court and orders/circulars issued by the Directorate of Education from time to time in this regard. As the manager and principal have been bestowed with the power to ensure the school's proper functioning, including ensuring the admission process transparently are jointly as well as in their personal capacity be responsible for levy and collection of capitation fee and any another unauthorized fee collected by the school.

Therefore, the school is directed to not charge capitation as mentioned above with immediate effect and submit the compliance within 30 days from the date of issue of this order. Non-compliance with this direction would be reviewed seriously and a necessary action against the school will be initiated U/s 24(4) of the DSEA, 1973 by the department.

3. From a review of documents submitted by the school post personal hearing, the following has been noted with respect to the Fixed Asset Register (FAR) maintained by the school:
- No tagging of the assets has been done in Fixed Assets Register (FAR) and location is not identified due to which assets could not be physically verified.
 - Depreciation for the individual assets is not recorded in the FAR, only cost of the assets is available in the FAR and WDV of the assets is not available.
 - Invoice number, manufacturer's serial number and location of the asset is not mentioned in the fixed assets register.

Therefore, the School is hereby directed to prepare a FAR, which should include details such as asset description, purchase date, supplier name, invoice number, manufacturer's serial number, location, purchase cost, other costs incurred, depreciation, asset identification number, etc. to facilitate identification of asset and documenting complete details of assets at one place. The school is further directed to comply with the directions for preparing FAR with relevant details mentioned above according to the process for periodic physical verification of assets and documenting the results of physical verification of assets. The same shall be verified at the time of evaluation of the fee hike proposal for subsequent years. This being a procedural finding, no financial impact is warranted on the fund position of the school.

4. Clause 24 of DoE Order dated 11.02.2009 states *"Every recognized unaided school covered by the Act, shall maintain accounts on the principles applicable to a non-business organization/ not-for-profit organization as per Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Such schools shall*



prepare their financial statement consisting of a Balance Sheet, Income & Expenditure Account and Receipt & Payment account every year.”

Further, Appendix-III (Part-I-General instructions and accounting principles) of Guidance Note-21 states:

1. “the financial statement of the Schools should be prepared on accrual basis.
2. a statement of all significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation and presentation of the balance sheet and income and expenditure account should be included in the School's Balance sheet.....
3. accounting policies should be applied consistently from one financial year to the next. Any change in the accounting policies which has a material effect in the current period, or which is reasonably expected to have a material effect in later periods should be disclosed....”.

Review of the audited financial statements of the school revealed that the school has been recording income on cash basis while expenses are being recoded on accrual basis. Thus, the school is not following Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Therefore, the school is hereby directed, to maintain its books of account in accordance with GAAP from subsequent financial years and made necessary adjustment in its books of accounts accordingly. The compliance with this direction shall be verified while evaluating the fee increase proposal of the subsequent year

After detailed examination of all the material on record and considering the clarification submitted by the school, it was finally evaluated/ concluded that:

- i. The total funds available for the FY 2022-23 amounting to **INR 51,85,79,652** out of which cash outflow for the FY 2022-23 is estimated to be **INR 47,11,40,201**. This results in surplus of **INR 4,74,39,451** after meeting all expenditures. The details are as follows:

Particulars	Amount (in INR)
Cash and Bank balances as on 31.03.2022 as per Audited Financial Statement	3,24,70,576
Investments as on 31.03.2022 as per Audited Financial Statement	9,55,09,943
Current Account Balance with DAV CMC	3,61,53,553
Liquid fund as on 31.03.2022	16,41,34,072
Add: Recovery from Society for construction of school building (Refer Financial Suggestion No. 2)	2,95,26,886
Add: Amount Recoverable from Intra Institution (Refer Financial Suggestion No. 3)	3,27,56,110
Add: Recovery from society towards excess administrative charge (Refer Financial Suggestion No. 5)	2,25,91,857
Add: Fees for FY 2021-22 as per Audited Financial Statements (Refer Note No. 1 Below)	37,31,38,881
Add: Other income for FY 2021-22 as per audited Financial Statements (Refer Note No. 1 Below)	78,14,792
Less: Arrears of fee recorded in FY 2021-22 related FY 2020-21 ((Refer Note No. 1 Below)	1,98,61,810
Total available funds for FY 2022-23	61,01,00,788
Less: FDR Delhi High Court	1,20,69,314
Less: Excess fee collected as per AFS 21-22	37,86,943

Particulars	Amount (in INR)
Less: Development Fund as on 31.03.2022 as per Audited Financial Statements of FY 2021-22 (Refer Financial Suggestion No. 3)	68,42,113
Less Depreciation reserve fund (Refer Note No. 2 Below)	-
Less: Investment made with LIC against provision made for retirement benefits (Refer Financial Suggestion No. 4)	6,88,22,766
Estimated Available Funds for FY 2022-23	51,85,79,652
Less: Budgeted Expenditure as provided by the school (Refer Note No. 3 and 4 Below)	45,55,90,557
Less: Arrears of 7th CPC (arrear as per AFS of 21-22 is of INR 6,27,88,760 minus INR 4,72,39,116 arrears already allowed in previous order)	1,55,49,644
Estimated Surplus	4,74,39,451

Note 1: The Department vide its order No.F.No.PS/DE/2020/55 dated 18.04.2020 and order No.F.No.PS/DE/2020/3224-3231 dated 28.08.2020 issued guidelines regarding the chargeability of fees during the pandemic COVID 2019. The department in both the above-mentioned orders directed to the management of all the private schools not to collect any fee except the tuition fee irrespective of the fact whether running on the private land or government land allotted by DDA/other government land owing agencies and not to increase any fee in academic session 2020-21 till further direction.

Further, the department in pursuance of the order dated 31.05.2021 in WPC 7526/2020 of Single Bench of the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and interim order dated 07.06.2021 in LPA 184/2021 of the Division Bench of Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and to prevent the profiteering and commercialisation, directed to the management of all the petitioners private unaided recognised schools through its order No. F. No.DE.15(114)/PSB/2021/2165-2174 dated 01.07.2021:

- (i) *"to collect annual school fee (only all permitted heads of fees) from their students as fixed under the DSEAR, 1973 for the academic year 2020-21, but by providing deduction of 15% on that amount in lieu of unutilized facilities by the students during the relevant period of academic year 2020-21". And if the school has collected the fee in excess to the direction issued by the Hon'ble Court, the same shall be refunded to the parents or adjusted in the subsequent month of fee or refund to the parents.*
- (ii) The amount so payable by the concerned students be paid in six equal monthly instalments w.e.f. 10.06.2021.
- (iii) The above arrangement will also be applicable with respect to collection of fees for academic session 2021-22.

During the personal hearing, the school explained that it has collected 100% of tuition, development and annual fees from the students. Accordingly, the school is directed to adjust/refund the same against future dues from the students and submit the compliance report within 30 days from the date of issue of this order.

Further, income of INR 1,98,61,810 recorded by the school related to previous FY 2020-21 in FY 2021-22 has been excluded while deriving fund position of the school.

Note 2: As per the Duggal Committee report, there are four categories of fees that can be charged by a private unaided School. The first category of fee comprised of "*Registration fee and all one Time Charges*" levied at the time of admissions such as admission and caution money. The second category of fee comprises '*Tuition Fee*' which is to be fixed to cover the standard cost of the establishment and to cover the expenditure of revenue nature for the improvement of curricular facilities like library, laboratories, science, and computer fee up to class X and examination fee. The third category of the fee should consist of '*Annual Charges*' to cover all expenditure not included in the second category and the fourth category consist of all '*Earmarked Levies*' for the services rendered by the school and be recovered only from the 'User' students. These charges are transport fee, swimming pool charges, Horse riding, tennis, midday meals etc. This recommendation has been considered by the Directorate while issuing order No. DE.15/Act/Duggal.com/203/99/23033-23980 dated 15.12.1999 and order No. F.DE./15(56)/Act/2009/778 dated 11.02.2009.

The purpose of each head of the fee has been defined and it is nowhere defined the usage of development fee or any other head of fee for investments against depreciation reserve fund.

Further, Clause 7 of order No. DE.15/Act/Duggal.com/203/99/23033-23980 dated 15.12.1999 and clause 14 of the order no F.DE./15(56)/Act/2009/778 dated 11.02.2009, "*development fee, not exceeding 15% of the total annual tuition fee may be charged for supplementing the resources for purchase, upgradation and replacement of furniture, fixture and equipment. Development fee, if required to be charged, shall be treated as capital receipt and shall be collected only if the school is maintaining a Depreciation Reserve Fund, equivalent to the depreciation charged in the revenue accounts and the collection under this head along with and income generated from the investment made out of this fund will be kept in a separately maintained Development Fund Account*". Thus, the above direction provides for:

- Not to charge development fee for more than 15% of tuition fee.
- Development fee will be used for purchase, upgradation and replacement of furniture, fixtures, and equipment.
- Development fee will be treated as capital receipts.
- Depreciation reserve fund is to be maintained.

Thus, the creation of the depreciation reserve fund is a pre-condition for charging of development fee, as per above provisions and the decision of Hon'ble Supreme court in the case of Modern School Vs Union of India & Ors.: 2004(5) SCC 583. Even the Clause 7 of the above direction does not require to maintain any investments against depreciation reserve fund. Also, as per para 99 of Guidance Note-21 'Accounting by School' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India states "Where the fund is meant for meeting capital expenditure, upon incurrence of the expenditure, the relevant asset account is debited which is depreciated as per the recommendations contained in this Guidance Note. Thereafter, the concerned restricted fund account is treated as deferred income, to the extent of the cost of the asset, and is transferred to the credit of the income and expenditure account in proportion to the depreciation charged every year."

Accordingly, the depreciation reserve (that is to be created equivalent to the depreciation charged in the revenue account) is mere of an accounting head for the appropriate accounting treatment of depreciation in the books of account of the school in accordance with Guidance Note -21 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Thus, there is no financial impact of



depreciation reserve on the fund position of the school. Accordingly, the depreciation reserve fund has not been considered while deriving the fund position of the school.

Note 3: All budgeted expenditure of the school has been considered while deriving the fund position of the school except the following:

Particulars	Income as per AFS for FY 2021-22	Income as per Budgeted of FY 2022-23	Disallowed	Remarks
Services charges to DAV CMC	-	1,02,03,157	1,02,03,157	Refer Financial suggestion No. 5
Capital Expenditure - Building	-	50,00,000	50,00,000	Capital expenditure not allowed as per Rule 177 of DSER, 1973

Note 4: While evaluating the fee hike proposal, department considers that how much liquid funds would require the school for a particular session for smooth operation without compromising with the quality of education. Thus, while deriving the fund position of the school all legitimate expenditures revenue as well as capital in accordance with the provisions DESAR, 1973 and pronouncement of Courts judgment have been considered. Therefore, balance of the other current assets other and current liabilities has not been considered. Because it is clear that the current assets, loans and advances and current liabilities are cyclic in nature and the same have already been considered in the form of budgeted income and expenditure of the school in the earlier years. Thus, current assets, loans and advances and current liabilities will always reflect in the financial statements at the end of the financial year.

- ii. In view of the above examination, it is evident that the school have adequate funds for meeting all the operational expenditures for the FY 2022-23. In this regard, the directions issued by the Directorate of Education vide circular no. 1978 dated 16.04.2010 states that,

"All Schools must, first of all, explore and exhaust the possibility of utilising the existing funds/ reserves to meet any shortfall in payment of salary and allowances, as a consequence of increase in the salary and allowance of the employees. A part of the reserve fund which has not been utilised for years together may also be used to meet the shortfall before proposing a fee increase."

AND WHEREAS, in the light of above evaluation which is based on the provisions of DSEA, 1973, DSER, 1973, guidelines, orders and circulars issued from time to time by this Directorate, it was recommended by the team of Chartered Accountants along with certain financial suggestions that were identified (appropriate financial impact has been taken on the fund position of the school) and certain procedural suggestions which were also noted (appropriate instructions against which have been given in this order), that the sufficient funds are available with the School to carry out its operations for the academic session 2022-23. Accordingly, the fee increase proposal of the school may be rejected.

AND WHEREAS, it is noticed that the school has incurred INR 8,48,74,853 in contravention to the provisions of DSEAR, 1973 and other orders issued by the departments from time to time. Therefore, the school is directed to recover the aforesaid amount from society/ management. The receipts along with copy of bank statements showing receipt of the above-mentioned amount should be

submitted with DoE, in compliance of the same, within 30 days from the date of issue of this order. Non-compliance with this direction shall be viewed seriously as per the provision of DSEAR, 1973 without providing any further opportunity of being heard.

AND WHEREAS, recommendation of the team of Chartered Accountants along with relevant materials were put before the Director of Education for consideration and who after considering all the material on the record, and after considering the provisions of section 17 (3), 18(5), 24(1) of the DSEA, 1973 read with Rules 172, 173, 175 and 177 of the DSER, 1973 has found that funds are available with the school for meeting financial implication for the academic session 2022-23.

AND WHEREAS, the school is directed, henceforth to take necessary corrective steps on the financial and other suggestion noted during the above evaluation process and submit the compliance report within 30 days from the date of issue of this order to the D.D.E (PSB)

Accordingly, it is hereby conveyed that the proposal for fee hike of **Kulachi Hansraj Model School (School ID - 1411222), Ashok Vihar, Phase - III, Delhi - 110052** filled by the school in response to the Order No. F.DE.-15(40)/PSB/2019/4440-4412 dated 08.06.2022 for the academic session 2022-23, is rejected by the Director (Education) with the above conclusion and suggestions.

Further, the management of said School is hereby directed under section 24(3) of DSEAR 1973 to comply with the following directions:

1. Not to increase any fee/charges during FY 2022-23. In case, the school has already charged increased fee during FY 2022-23, the school should make necessary adjustments from future fee/refund the amount of excess fee collected, if any, as per the convenience of the parents.
2. To ensure payment of salary is made in accordance with the provision of Section 10(1) of the DSEA, 1973. Further, the scarcity of funds cannot be the reason for non-payment of salary and other benefits admissible to the teachers/ staffs in accordance with section 10 (1) of the DSEA, 1973. Therefore, the Society running the school must ensure payment to teachers/ staffs accordingly.
3. To utilize the fee collected from students in accordance with the provisions of Rule 177 of the DSER, 1973 and orders and directions issued by this Directorate from time to time.

Non-compliance of this order or any direction herein shall be viewed seriously and will be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of section 24(4) of Delhi School Education Act, 1973 and Delhi School Education Rules, 1973.

This is issued with the prior approval of the Competent Authority.

(Yogesh Pal Singh)

**Deputy Director of Education
(Private School Branch)**

Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi

To

The Manager/ HoS
Kulachi Hansraj Model School (School ID - 1411222),
Ashok Vihar, Phase - III, Delhi - 110052

No. F.DE.15 (1050)/PSB/2022/ 9624-9628

Dated: 28/11/22

Copy to:

1. P.S. to Principal Secretary (Education), Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi.
2. P.S. to Director (Education), Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi.
3. DDE (North West B) ensure the compliance of the above order by the school management.
4. In-charge (I.T Cell) with the request to upload on the website of this Directorate.
5. Guard file.



(Yogesh Pal Singh)
Deputy Director of Education
(Private School Branch)
Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi